The Conversion of Lydia

Acts 16:11-15

Introduction

- 1. Every woman introduced in the Scriptures to any extent is in some way remarkable-- either for her virtues or her vices.
- 2. As Paul was the first recorded gospel preacher on European soil, so Lydia was the first recorded convert there.
- 3. Verse 13 tell us of the meeting at the place of prayer. Notice:

I. Lydia Prior To Conversion

- 1. An industrious woman. v.14
 - a. Busy people are often good hearers and doers of the word.
- 2. A religious woman.
 - a. Found at "the place of prayer" on the Sabbath.
 - b. She closed her shop for worship.

II. Lydia In Conversion

- 1. She heard the word. v.14
 - a. Hearing precedes conversion. Rom. 10:17
- 2. The Lord opened her heart.
 - a. This marvelous work was done by the influence of God's messenger and the word being explained. (See Luke 24:45).
- 3. She gave heed--put into practice the things spoken by Paul.
 - a. She and her household were baptized.
 - b. Of whom did her household consist? Baptism is for those who have been taught (Matt. 28:19) and who have become believers (Mark 16:16).

III. Lydia In Christ

- 1. We get but a glimpse of Lydia the Christian, but how splendid!
- 2. She was grateful -v. 15b
- 3. She was faithful to the Lord--judged so by Paul. Probably the first church in Philippi met in her home v.40.

LESSONS

- 1. Without God's word there can be no conversion. v.14
- 2. People are both passive and active in the process of conversion.
- 3. Great blessings for those who attend prayer-meetings!
- 4. Woman: first in the transgression, often first in obedience.



Walking Thru The Bible ACTS

Introduction

AUTHOR: Acts is indeed a continuation of Luke's Gospel. We could well refer to the Gospel as Volume One and Acts as Volume Two. In Acts 1:1 "the former treatise" addressed to Theophilus (Luke 1:3) is a reference back to Luke's Gospel.

Internal evidence, particularly the "we" passages of Acts (16:10-17; 20:5-21; 18; 27:1-28:16) confirm Luke as the author. Luke by profession was a physician. He is the only Gentile author in the New Testament. He was an eyewitness to many of the events in the book and was Paul's co-worker.

BACKGROUND: The book of Acts begins where the gospel left off at the resurrection and ascension of Jesus into heaven. It takes up the story there and shows the establishment of the Kingdom (the church) and its growth. It is often called *"the book of conversions"* because it shows how people in the first century became Christians. Various titles given the book include:

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"The Acts of the Apostles	"
"The Acts of the Holy Spi	irit"
"The Ecclesia Establishe	d, Evangelizes and Expands"
"The Message and Metho	od of New Testament Évangelism"
"The Great Commission L	In Action"
"How To Get Into Christ	"
Luke's Gospel	= Christ
Luke's Acts	= How to get into Christ
The Epistles	= How to stay in Christ
"A Book of Beginnings"	2
"Book of Conversions"	
"Acts of Apostles" (Some	e Acts of Some of the Apostles)
v i	

CHARACTER: The book is historical and written in narrative form. The history of the Bible is HIS STORY and the pivot point of the Bible around which all things revolve is the Cross.

	Cross	
Creation	ት	Consummation

One "over-all" outline of the Bible is:

The Old Testament says "Someone is coming." The Gospels say "Someone has come." The Epistles say "Someone is coming again."

The Book of Acts is a very important book in the New Testament. From the book we glean much background material for the epistles. We see the important theme of early preaching (the resurrection), fulfillment of prophecy and a number of miracles.

G A Bridge F ACTS S F E L CHRIST CHURCH

DESIGN: The book shows the progress of Christianity from Jerusalem to all Judea, and Samaria and to the ends of the earth. The

Ch. 1

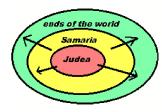
Acts

of

Peter Ch. 12

Then

Gentiles



commission of the risen Lord had already been reported by Luke (Luke 24:46-49) and here is the description or how it was accomplished.

The **key verse** of the book is Acts 1:8. This verse is actually like Luke's Table of Contents, or outline for the book.

The book was probably composed in about

JERUSALEM

To the Jews first

JUDEA

Ch. 13

Acts

of

Paul

SAMARIA

TO UTTERMOST

Ch. 28

PARTS OF THE

WORLD

ROME

AD 61/62. It begins with the history of AD 29/30, the year of our Lord's death, and ends following two years of Paul's imprisonment at Rome about AD 62.

OUTLINE OF THE BOOK OF ACTS:

I. Spread of the Gospel in Palestine with **Peter** as leader. Ch. 1-12

II. Spread of the Gospel Outside Palestine with Paul as leader. Ch. 13-28

PART I (Ch 1-12)	PART II (Ch 13-28)
 Jerusalem - the center Peter - main character Gospel - to Jerusalem, Judea	 Antioch - the center Paul - main character Gospel - to "uttermost" parts of
and Samaria Peter Imprisoned	the world, Rome Paul Imprisoned

ACTS 35 Years of Church History

Key Verse: Acts 1:8 Key Word: "Witness"	Author: Luke Date written: A.D. 62
DATE: PLACE PERIOD	Chapter
29 Jerusalem Birth of the	1 Jesus taken back up into heaven
church Growth thru Testing "	 Pentecost - Holy Spirit Gate Beautiful - lame man healed Peter & John arrested The lie told Widows neglected Stephen Dbilin's processing
33 JudeaGreatandPersecutionSamariaGospel tothe Gentiles	 8 Philip's preaching 9 Saul's conversion 10 Cornelius' conversion 11 Peter reports
45 1st Paul & Barnabas	12 Herod13 Cyprus & Antioch
Journey Jerusalem 2nd Paul & Silas Journey	 14 Lystra & Derbe 15 Jerusalem council 16 Philippi 17 Athens 18 Corinth
3rd Paul & Silas Journey Jerusalem "	 19 Ephesus 20 A farewell address 21 Paul arrested in Jerusalem 22 Stairway sermon 23 Plot on Paul's life
Caesarea " 62 On way to Rome	 24 Felix 25 Festus 26 King Agrippa 27 Shipwreck
ROME	28 Rome