YES or NO

1.	Can you tell when and why Abraham slaughtered kings?
	(Genesis 14)
2.	Did Abraham acknowledge Melchisedec as greater than
	himself?
3.	Did giving the tithe originate with the law of Moses?
	(Gen.28:22)
4.	Can you prove that Melchisedec was greater than Aaron?
5.	Can you tell why the Levitical priesthood was not perfect?
6.	Are there portions of the law of Moses which we are to keep?
7.	Was Christ made Priest and King by oath? (Psa.110:4;
	Psa.89:35-37).
8.	Having once sacrificed, has Christ now ceased His work?
9.	Do you know in what ways Christ's priesthood is superior to
	that of Aaron?
10.	Is Christ able to save those who do not come to God by Him?
	TRUE or FALSE
1.	Melchisedec had no father or mother, he was never born, and he
	never died. *
2.	Salem (Jerusalem) is a city of very recent origin, and has always
	been peaceful.
3.	In Abraham's day, men of Melchisedec's character were
	common.
4.	Few men served as priest and king under Moses.
	(2Chron.26:16-21).
	God's Word, confirmed with an oath, seldom fails. *
	Since the tenth part belongs to God, we sacrifice in giving less.
7.	Christ is our sacrifice, surety, Priest, King, Intercessor, and
	Savior.

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STUDIES IN HEBREWS - Chapter 7:1-28

Superiority of Christ's Priesthood: Law and Priesthood Now Changed

After whose order is	Christ's priestho	od?	King
As to lineage, Melch	isedec was witho	ut what? 1	
2	3	4	
change in the priesth	ood demand?		
	_		
			Why?
Of what is Jesus sure	ety?		
Under Moses, why w	ere there many p	riests?	
			What is
			_
	of what? 1	of what? 1 2	After whose order is Christ's priesthood? of what? 1

SELECT CORRECT ANSWER(s)

1.	Melchisedec was King of: 1)righteousness; 2)Salem; 3)peace;
	and a priest: 1)of the Most High God; 2)to Abraham; 3)like the
	Son of God.
2.	Melchisedec was typical of Christ in that he: 1)was King and
	Priest; 2)did not inherit the office; 3)had no genealogy of
	priesthood.
3.	Tithes were paid by: 1)Abraham's children to Levi; 2)sons of
	Levi to the sons of Aaron; 3)Abraham and his children to
	Melchisedec.
4.	The change of the Levitical priesthood necessitated a change in:
	1)God; 2)God's attitude toward the Gentiles; 3)God's purposes;
	4)the law.
5.	The law was: 1) given under the Levitical priesthood; 2) weak;
	3)unprofitable; 4)unable to perfect; 5)changed; 6)disannulled;
	7)without oath.
6.	Jesus is not priest after the order of: 1)Melchisedec; 2)Aaron;
	3)God.
7.	Priests under the law were: 1) by oath; 2) always holy, harmless,
	undefiled; 3) without infirmity; 4) always changing; 5) separate of
	sinners.
8.	Christ is Priest: 1)by oath; 2)and King; 3)after the power of
	endless life; 4)unchangeable; 5)which become us; 6)consecrated
	for evermore.
9.	Christ: 1) is surety of a better covenant; 2) offers daily sacrifices;
	3)was made priest before the law; 4)is unable to continue as
	Priest.
10.	Christ lives to: 1)control the devil; 2)make intercession; 3)make
	sacrifices; and is able to save: 1)some; 2)to uttermost; 3)almost
	all; who come.

MATCH CORRECTLY (Group 1)

1.	Melchisedec	Is the Most High		
2.	Abraham	Melchisedec was without		
3.	Kings	Melchisedec like Him		
4.	Salem	Blessed by the better		
5.	God	Tithed to Melchisedec		
6.	Less	Tithed given in Abraham		
7.	Genealogy	Slaughtered by Abraham		
8.	Levi	Not by Levitical priests		
9.	Son of God	Blessed Abraham		
10.	Perfection	Peace		
MATCH CORRECTLY (Group 2)				
1.	Changed	Made nothing perfect		
2.	Altar	Confirms Christ		
3.	Judah	Ever lives		
4.	Law	Law, priesthood are		
5.	Commandment	Ours is unchangeable		
6.	Oath	Once offered for sin		
7.	Priesthood	Lord sprang from him		
8.	Christ	Christ makes it now		
9.	Sacrifice	Judah never attended		
10.	Intercession	Carnal, disannulled		